

Smart Connected Bicycles Project

CROW Kenniscafe Fiets & Wetenschap

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UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE. TUDelft SATION ACCELL GROUP THO innovation for life







Jongeren onderschatten de gevaren van telefoongebruik op de fiets, blijkt uit onderzoek van Interpolis. Maar liefst 3 van de 5 jongeren is de afgelopen twee jaar betrokken geraakt bij een gevaarlijke verkeerssituatie, omdat ze afgeleid waren door hun mobieltje.

De 'MisNiks-campagne' die vandaag gelanceerd wordt, moet het bewustzijn onder jongeren vergroten.

#verkeersveiligheid #campagne



Mobielgebruik op de fiets brengt drie op de vijf jongeren in gevaar verkeersnet.nl • Leestijd: 1 min. ...



deVolkskrant

Topverhalen vandaag Opinie Podcasts Beter Leven Cultuur & Media Foto

REPORTAGE

Met een app, trilsignalen en een control room hoopt Amsterdam de supersnelle fiets te temmen

Veel Amsterdamse fietsers voelen zich onveilig op het fietspad, vooral door de grote snelheidsverschillen tussen gewone en elektrische fietsen. Technische innovaties kunnen helpen, zegt de gemeente. 'Maar een fiets wordt nooit zo slim als een auto.'

Elsbeth Stoker 20 december 2022, 17:40







Team Striving for Smart Connected Bikes

FIGHTS CLIMATE CHANGE



Engineering Technology Transport Planning Group



Computer Science Pervasive Systems Group





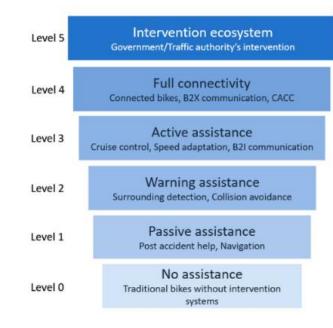


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SMART BIKES

Technologies for Smart Connected Bicycles



Georgios Kapousizis, Mehmet Baran Ulak, Karst Geurs & Paul J. M. Havinga (2022): A review of state-of-the-art bicycle technologies affecting cycling safety: level of smartness and technology readiness, Transport Review Information systems 61 concepts



Navigation (10)

Information (29) (18) Advice/Instruction (18)

Warning systems 46 concepts





Support systems 11 concepts



Note. n=92. As a concept could have more than one function, a concept can be categorised into more than one category.

Berge, S. H., de Winter, J., & Hagenzieker, M. (2022, Preprint). Support systems for cyclists in automated traffic: A review and future outlook.



Technologies for Smart Connected Bicycles



Andres, J., Schraefel, M., Semertzidis, N., Dwivedi, B., Kulwe, Y. C., von Kaenel, J., & Mueller, F. F. (2020). *Introducing Peripheral Awareness as a Neurological State for Human-Computer Integration*. Paper presented at the CHI Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems 2020.



Technologies for Smart Connected Bicycles

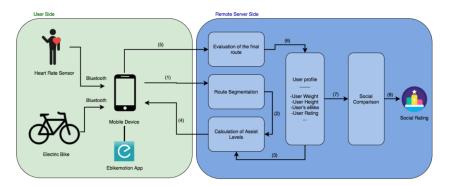


Figure 1. Overall architecture of the system: (1) the route selected by the user; (2) segmented route; (3) user profile data; (4) calculated assist levels; (5) data collected over the course of the route; (6) score obtained on the route; (7) comparison of the scores of other users; and (8) final social rating.

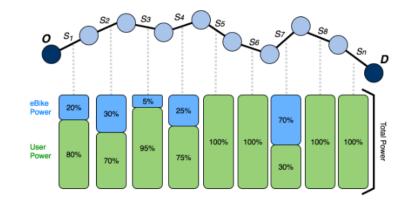


Figure 6. Example of how power is distributed for each of the segments of a route.

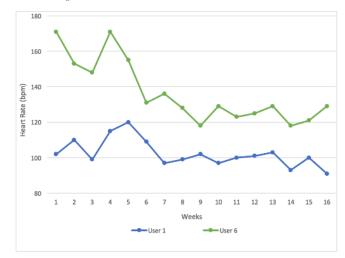
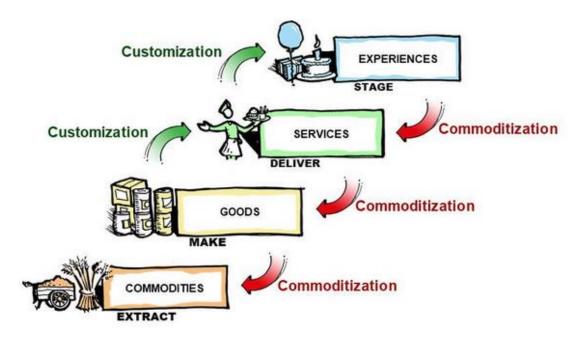
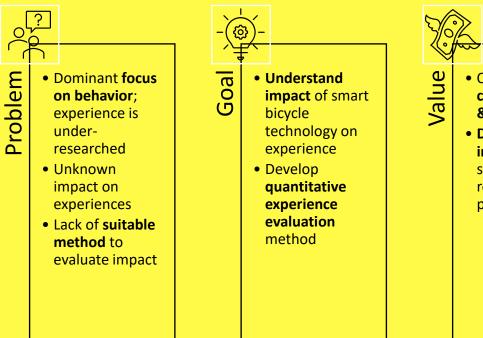


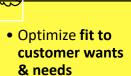
Figure 11. The evolution of the user's heart rate during exercise, over the course of the case study.

De La Iglesia, D. H., De Paz, J. F., Villarrubia González, G., Barriuso, A. L., Bajo, J., & Corchado, J. M. (2018). Increasing the intensity over time of an electric-assist bike based on the user and route: The bike becomes the gym. Sensors, 18(1), 220









• Data-driven input for control systems, design, roadmaps, policy



Challenges in existing evaluation methods

Surveys

- Intercept survey: disrupt cyclist's flow
- Post-ride surveys: memory bias

Interviews

• Rich insights, but very subjective and not well scalable

Crash data

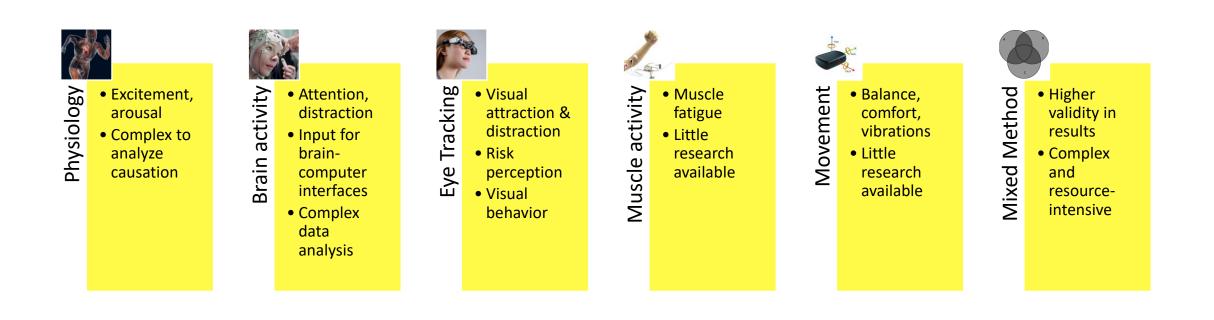
• Reactive, reflective of past events

Traffic counts

• No insight in subjective experience



Results & challenges



+ Other data sources e.g. video, IMUs, GIS, weather, surveys

+ Qualitative validation e.g. interviews, focus groups



Results & challenges

Step-wise guidance for preparing and conducting evaluations		
1	Define interest	Which experience type to explore?
2	Decide way of using sensor data	As input for expert evaluation, actuation, or both?
3	Balance participant burden	Which data collection- and analysis methods?
4	Labeling & ground truthing	Meaning of data?
5	Analysis of causes	What caused experiences?

Results & challenges

for evaluation of SBT Yes Body sensor data is NO input for actuation Body sensor data is input for actuation Body sensor data is used & presented for evaluation Body sensor data is used & presented for evaluation Studies: Studies: Venkatachalapathy et. al., 2022 Kiryu et. al, 2012 Bial et. al., 2012 De La Iglesia et. Al., 2018 No Yes Sensor data as input Evaluations of bicycling experience without SBTs Body sensor data is input for actuation for actuation in SBT Body sensor data is NOT used & presented for evaluation Studies: Studies: All other selected studies Andres et. al., 2018 Andres et. al., 2020 Walmink et. al., 2014 No

Sensor data used & presented

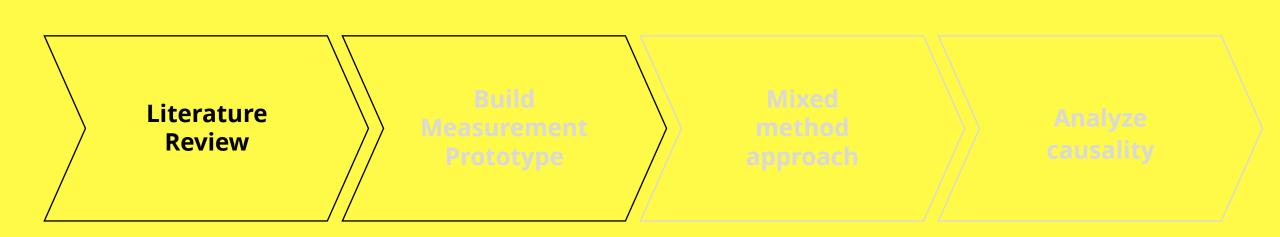


Recent student theses

- Forward Collision Warning System with visual distraction detection in bikes
- A Low-Budget, End-To-End Warning System for Bicycles using Monocular Vision and Vibrating Handlebars
- Early Warning System for Safe Lateral Maneuver of Bicycles
- Balancing of Motor Assistance to Support Psychological Flow in Cyclists



Next Steps



Question: which synergies can we find?

(apart from e.g. Dutch Cycling Intelligence, MegaBITS project)



Thanks!